# Package: yaConsensus (via r-universe)

October 8, 2024

Type Package

The Consensus Clustering of Offic Data
Version 1.0
<b>Date</b> 2021-06-30
<b>Description</b> Procedures to perform consensus clustering starting from a dissimilarity matrix or a data matrix. It's allowed to select if the subsampling has to be by samples or features. In case of computational heavy load, the procedures can run in parallel.
<b>Depends</b> R (>= 4.1.0), foreach (>= 1.5.1), pheatmap (>= 1.0.12), doParallel (>= 1.0.16)
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<pre>URL https://github.com/stefanoMP/yaConsensus</pre>
Repository https://stefanomp.r-universe.dev
RemoteUrl https://github.com/stefanomp/yaconsensus
RemoteRef HEAD
<b>RemoteSha</b> d9fc70e99665eef26bf15682945cf25bed0db9d6
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consensus.diss

Computes the consensus dissimilarity matrix.

# Description

Computes the consensus dissimilarity according to the algorithm of Monti et al. (2003).

# Usage

```
consensus.diss(cclusters, similarity = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

cclusters a matrix of integers where the column are the samples, and the rows are different

clusterings of the samples.

similarity a logical value signaling if the similarity matrix is required.

#### **Details**

In any row of the ccluster matrix, the value 0 means that the corresponding sample is not assigned to any cluster. In this case, the dissimilarity is computed consistently.

## Value

An object of the 'dist' class.

# Author(s)

Stefano M. Pagnotta

#### References

Monti et al. (2003) - Consensus Clustering: A Resampling-Based Method for Class Discovery and Visualization of Gene Expression Microarray Data - Machine Learning 52(1-2):91-118 < DOI: 10.1023/A:1023949509487>

#### See Also

dist

# **Examples**

```
clusters <- rep(1:3, c(3, 9, 18))
clusterings <- matrix(NA, ncol = 30, nrow = 50)
for(k in 1:50) clusterings[k,] <- sample(clusters)
ddist <- consensus.diss(clusterings)
class(ddist)
attr(ddist, "method")</pre>
```

plot.yaConsensus 3

plot.yaConsensus	Plot the consensus dissimilarity matrix and provide the consensus clustering.

#### **Description**

This function processes the ouput of yaConsensus and acts as a wrapper to the pheatmap function.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'yaConsensus'
plot(x, G = 2, annotation = NULL, annotation.colorCode = NULL,
    matching_clustering = NULL, consensus_colors = NULL,...)
```

#### **Arguments**

x an object coming from yaConsensus().

G an integer value indicating the number of clusters required for the consensus

clustering. Default is 2.

annotation a data frame where the variables are annotations (as labels) of samples. The

row-names have to match the names of the samples.

annotation.colorCode

a string named list of color names. The names have to be values stored in the

annotation data-frame.

matching\_clustering

a string value matching one of the annotation valiables in the annotation dataframe. The function tries to match at best the color coding of the selected vari-

able in the data-frame.

consensus\_colors

a list of color provided to annotate the consensus clustering. If provided, the

matching\_clustering is overrided.

. . . parameters compatible with pheatmap function.

#### **Details**

In the slot 'statistics', the function returns the same statistics of yaConsensus().

#### Value

A named list with the following slots:

annotation a data frame. It is the same given in input, with 'consensus' and 'consensus.col'

more variables.

ann\_colors a named list of colors associated with each variable in the annotation data-frame.

hclust an object of hclust clust. It's the result of the hclust() applied to the consensus

dissimilarity with the complete linkage.

statistics see Note

## Note

In case an 'annotation' is provided, with summary(), additional statistics are provided.

The variable specified as given in summary(..., given = "some clustering") is assumed as a theoretical clustering, while the consensus clustering is the empirical one. The entropy accuracy, precision, and average (Risso and Pagnotta, 2021) are computed with the former assumptions. summary() itself returns all the statistics. "some clustering" has to be one of the column of the annotation data.frame.

# Author(s)

Stefano M. Pagnotta

## References

Risso and Pagnotta (2021) - Per-sample standardization and asymmetric winsorization lead to accurate clustering of RNA-seq expression profiles - Bioinformatics, btab091, <DOI: 10.1093/bioinformatics/btab091>

#### See Also

```
pheatmap, yaConsensus
```

## **Examples**

# see the examples in yaConsensus help.

yaConsensus	yaConsensus computes a number of hierarchical clusterings by sam-
	pling either samples or features.

# Description

This function mainly generates a list of "hclust" objects for downstream analysis.

## Usage

# Arguments

ddata	either a data matrix (samples in rows, and features in columns), or a "dist" object.
runs	an integer value for the number of samplings.
epsilon	a real value indicating the sampling rate.
is_by_sample	a logical value indicating if the sampling is by samples (TRUE) or features (FALSE).

distMethod a character indicating the kind of distance for the inner clustering. It can be any

of the methods from the dist function.

hcMethod a character indicating the linkage mathod of the inner clustering. It can be any

of the methods from the hclust function.

prefix string specifying a prefix to store the results in a .RData file.

#### **Details**

This function can run sequentially or in parallel. In this case, it is necessary to register a cluster of CPUs according to doParallel protocol.

To get the consensus clustering, the output of the function has to be processed with the plot() function. The consensus dissimilarity follows from the algorithm of Monti et al. (2003). The consensus clustering is from a hierarchical procedure (hclust) with "complete" linkage (outer hc method).

#### Value

A named list with the following slots:

distMethod matches the input hcMethod matches the input

lables a string list with the names of the samples bySample matches 'is\_by\_sample' input parameter

epsilon matches the input

subsetDimension

actual dimension of the subsets

runs matches the input
hclust a list of 'hclust' objects
elapsed\_time time (in seconds) required
ncores the number of cores used

#### Note

The plot function in the example provides an invisible result with detail ans statistics of the experiment.

## Author(s)

Stefano M. Pagnotta

## References

Monti et al. (2003) - Consensus Clustering: A Resampling-Based Method for Class Discovery and Visualization of Gene Expression Microarray Data - Machine Learning 52(1-2):91-118 < DOI: 10.1023/A:1023949509487>

## See Also

```
dist, hclust, doParallel
```

# **Examples**

```
## Generate data and annotation
n <- 50; m <- 3000
ddata <- matrix(rnorm(n * m), ncol = m)</pre>
ddata[1:20, ] <- ddata[1:20, ] + 0.2
row.names(ddata) <- c(paste0("A", 1:20), paste0("B", 1:30))</pre>
ddist <- dist(ddata)</pre>
annotation <- data.frame(row.names = rownames(ddata), clust = substr(rownames(ddata), 1, 1))</pre>
annotation.colorCode <- c("red", "blue")</pre>
names(annotation.colorCode) <- c("A", "B")</pre>
###### run in sequential mode
###### sampling the samples ....
(aConsensus <- yaConsensus(ddist))</pre>
plot(aConsensus, G = 2)
ans <- plot(aConsensus, G = 2,
            annotation = annotation,
            annotation.colorCode = annotation.colorCode)
summary(ans)
summary(ans, given = "clust")
###### sampling the features ....
(aConsensus <- yaConsensus(ddata, runs= 20, epsilon = 0.2, is_by_sample = FALSE))
ans <- plot(aConsensus, G = 2,
            annotation = annotation,
            annotation.colorCode = annotation.colorCode,
            matching_clustering = "clust")
summary(ans, given = "clust")
###### run in parallel mode
## uncomment to run
# require(doParallel)
# cpu_cluster <- makeCluster(3)</pre>
# registerDoParallel(cpu_cluster)
# (aConsensus <- yaConsensus(ddist))</pre>
# plot(aConsensus, G = 2)
#stopCluster(cpu_cluster)
```

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